

# JURNAL RISET BISNIS DAN MANAJEMEN

https://journal.unpas.ac.id/index.php/jrbm/index

# REIMAGINING HUMAN RESOURCE: REDEFINE HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR THE FUTURE

Dini Riani ⊠<sup>1</sup> Universitas Pasundan<sup>1</sup> ⊠<sup>1</sup> diniriani@unpas.ac.id Jl. Tamansari No.6-8, Kota Bandung, Jawa Barat 40116, Indonesia

## Abstract

Digital transformation is changing the way organizations interact with customers, run operations, and recruit and manage human resources. Conventional paradigms in human resource management must be reviewed to be in line with the needs of the digital era which is shifting from an administrative role towards providing added value. This research aims to reorganize human resource management practices in facing future challenges. The research method used is a descriptive method with a mix method perspective. Stakeholders or leaders in the Company who show agreement on several components that require re-elaboration of HR, this is based on conditions that have occurred in the last 5 years which are supported by several conditions that have occurred and demands for technological change and Company Achievement. These research findings rearticulate HR practices for the future is an important step for organizations that want to remain relevant and competitive.

**Keywords:** human resource management; reimagining human resource; redefine human resource; management practices

## INTRODUCTION

In a global era characterized by rapid technological change and ever-evolving business dynamics, human resource management (HR) practices are becoming the center of attention in organizations' efforts to remain relevant and competitive. Along with changes in the business ecosystem, demands on the HR function are increasingly diverse, forcing practitioners and academics to reflect on how HR can keep pace and reformulate appropriate strategies for the future. This scientific article aims to explore the role of transformation in human resource management practices and how the traditional HR paradigm can be overhauled and redefined to face emerging challenges and opportunities in the future (Barney & Wright, 1998).

Technological developments such as artificial intelligence, data analytics, and automatism have entered almost every aspect of organizational operations. Digital transformation is changing the way organizations interact with customers, run operations, and recruit and manage human resources. As a result, conventional paradigms in human resource management must be re-examined to remain in line with the needs of this digital era. Research by (Deloitte, 2021) highlights that 53% of organizations consider HR transformation a priority, indicating the need to align HR with global change. The conventional HR approach focuses more on administration, personal data management, and legal compliance. However, this approach has proven inadequate to meet the demands of the times which require HR to be a strategic partner who contributes to achieving overall business goals ((SHRM), 2020). The digital era encourages HR to move from an administrative role towards providing added value through in-depth data analysis.

## **Article Info**

History of Article Received: 23/11/2023 Revised: 11/1/2024 Accepted: 19/2/2024

Jurnal Riset Bisnis dan Manajemen Volume 17, No. 1, February 2024, Page 149-157 ISSN 1979-0600 (Print) ISSN 2580-9539 (Online) In response to the demands of this new era, HR approaches are increasingly focused on employee experience. In a study (Gallup, 2020), 85% of employees felt they were not actively involved in their work. The new approach to human resource management emphasizes the importance of employee well-being, clear career progression and an inclusive work environment. Professor Amy Edmondson of Harvard Business School supports this idea, stating that "positive employee experiences not only influence productivity, but also creativity and innovation." Technology has also provided opportunities for HR to optimize processes through more sophisticated data analytics. In research by Bersin, (Deloitte, 2021), it was found that organizations that adopt HR analytics tend to have better financial performance. Utilizing data also allows HR to design more personalized and effective human resource development strategies.

In addition, human resource management needs to consider an increasingly complex multigenerational workforce. Generation Z, millennials and generation X have different values, preferences and motivations in the work context. Dr. Ken Matos of Life Meets Work states that HR needs to understand this diversity to design relevant development programs. Facing global changes and continuously developing technology, paradigms in human resource management need to be adapted to answer new challenges. One theory that supports this change is the concept of "Agile HR". This theory proposes a more flexible and adaptive approach to HR, similar to the Agile methodology in software development. According to Agile HR, organizations need to focus on cross-functional collaboration, adopt a responsive attitude to feedback, and design processes that can be changed as needed. Research by (Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development CIPD, 2020) highlights that organizations that implement Agile HR principles tend to have a better ability to adapt to changes in the business environment.

Cappeli Director of the Center for Human Resource Management Employee development is one of the most important aspects of modern human resource management. Successful companies are those that can identify and develop their internal talent (Cappelli, 2008). In building a new paradigm in human resource management, the focus on employee experience cannot be ignored. Research by (Josh Bersin, 2018) reveals that organizations with high levels of employee engagement tend to have higher productivity and better levels of satisfaction. Therefore, human resource management needs to integrate employee needs in the design of their programs and policies. In a data-driven era, employee sentiment analysis and feedback surveys can provide valuable insights for designing a supportive and productive work environment. The use of data analytics is increasingly becoming the center of attention in modern human resource management. Through sophisticated data analysis, HR can predict hiring trends, identify organizational change patterns, and design employee development programs accordingly. Research by (The Boston Consulting Group (BCG), 2019) shows that organizations that incorporate data analytics in HR practices tend to have better financial performance. However, challenges in using data analytics include the need for analytics expertise within the HR team and stringent data security.

Changes in human resource management also influence how leadership is defined and developed. Transformational and Adaptive Leadership theories emphasize the importance of leadership that is responsive and adaptive to change. In an ever-evolving world, leaders need to drive innovation, overcome obstacles, and direct teams toward achieving goals. Research by (Bass, B. M., & Riggio, 2006) supports that transformational leaders tend to have a positive impact on employee performance and engagement.

Based on previous research, it appears that the new paradigm in human resource management must consider employee experience, the use of data analytics, and leadership transformation as the main pillars. The adoption of technology, particularly in data management and analytics, allows HR to design programs that are more adaptive and focused on individual needs. As technology advances and global challenges become more complex, human resource management in the future will need to be more than just adhering to administrative tasks. He must be a strategic partner in forming a work culture that is innovative, inclusive and responsive to change. HR transformation also emphasizes the importance of adaptive leadership. In a rapidly changing world, the ability to adapt, innovate and lead with uncertainty is increasingly important. Dr. Ron Heifetz, a leadership expert, says that "adaptive leadership involves tackling problems that have never been faced before." This underlines the importance of developing leadership that is responsive to change (Herzberg, 1968).

However, in facing this change, HR needs to understand the role of technology in influencing employee performance. In (Clack, 2021)research by Aon Hewitt (2019) found that companies that combine technology with high employee involvement have higher productivity compared to those that rely solely on technology. In the context of using technology, data security and ethics are the main concerns. HR needs to ensure that employee personal data is properly protected and processed in accordance with applicable ethics. Dr. Anna Tavis, academic director at New York University, underscores the importance of ethical data management in HR.

Finally, new approaches to human resource management emphasize the importance of continuous learning. The ever-changing work environment encourages employees to continuously develop their skills. Research by (World Economic Forum, 2020) notes that 94% of jobs will require skills updates by 2025. Given the global business transformation and impact of technology, human resource management needs to evolve to meet future

demands. This scholarly article will explore the central role of transformation in HR practice, examine expert views, and identify practical ways to reimagine human resource management in the face of the challenges and opportunities faced by organizations in the future.

Transformational Leadership Theory: This theory was introduced by James MacGregor Burns and continued by Bernard Bass. Transformational theory states that transformational leaders have the ability to inspire, motivate, and influence employees to achieve their maximum potential. David Ulrich, Professor of Management, University of Michigan: "Effective performance management is not just about evaluating employee performance retrospectively, but also about providing ongoing feedback, supporting their development, and facilitating the achievement of organizational goals (Ulrich, 1996). In the context of human resource management, transformational leadership is essential for establishing a work culture that is responsive and adaptive to change. Leaders must be able to direct change, communicate the company vision, and guide employees in facing new challenges.

Agile HR Concept: Inspired by the Agile methodology in software development, Agile HR proposes an adaptive and responsive HR approach. Organizations that adopt this approach focus on cross-functional collaboration, creating flexible work teams, and continuous iteration in designing HR processes. Agile HR is centered on the principle of flexibility in adapting HR practices to changes in the organization and its external environment.

Employee Experience: Employee experience refers to all interactions and relationships that employees experience while in the work environment. This theory proposes that positive employee experiences contribute to employee performance and satisfaction, which in turn influences productivity and work quality. Human resource management practices that prioritize employee well-being, career development, and participation in organizational decision making can improve the employee experience.

Utilization of Data Analytics in HR: This theory emphasizes the use of data and analytics to assist decision making in human resource management. By analyzing employee data, organizations can identify trends, patterns and opportunities for career development, recruitment and performance management. Utilizing data analytics allows HR to measure the impact of implemented policies and programs and direct changes based on existing evidence.

Adaptive Leadership: The concept of adaptive leadership emerged from theories about effective leadership in the face of change and uncertainty. Adaptive leaders are able to change their leadership style according to the situation at hand. They encourage teams to adapt to change, generate initiatives, and innovate in the face of challenges. In human resource management, adaptive leadership is needed to overcome organizational complexity and dynamics.

The Importance of Employee Satisfaction and Engagement: This theory shows that employees who feel satisfied and involved in their work tend to have better performance. Employee satisfaction and engagement are influenced by purpose, factors such as a supportive environment, fair rewards, development opportunities, and recognition of their contributions. Human resource management needs to design programs that increase employee engagement and satisfaction, while contributing to organizational goals.

Continuous Education and Development: In an era of rapid change, the concept of sustainable education and development is becoming increasingly important. Organizations need to provide ongoing training and education to employees to ensure they have relevant and up-to-date skills. In the context of human resource management, education and sustainable development are key in preparing the workforce to face future demands. Marcus Buckingham, A talent development approach that centers on individual strengths can help organizations maximize employee potential. Focus on what makes employees excel, not just improving their weaknesses (Buckingham, 1999).

The theoretical review above illustrates the conceptual framework that underlies the understanding of new human resource management practices. Transformational theory, Agile HR, a focus on employee experience, the use of data analytics, adaptive leadership, employee satisfaction and engagement, and continuous education and development, all form the basis for reimagining the way we view and implement human resource management in the face of future dynamics. In this article, these theories will be used as a guide to understand and articulate how HR practices can be changed to achieve organizational success in this challenging era.

### METHOD

This research aims to reimagine human resource management (HR) practices in facing future challenges. The research method used is a mixed method. This method was chosen because it allows researchers to gain in-depth insight into how organizations change their HR practices in the face of global change and developing technology through a quantitative process. Apart from that, a quantitative process is also used to ask for approval from stakeholders, in this case the respondents used are policy makers and company leaders, at least heads of sections or divisions.

Research Design: Selection of Study Cases: organizations from the education sector were selected as study cases. This selection will allow researchers to understand the different ways HR practices can be changed in different contexts. Data Collection: Data will be collected through in-depth interviews with HR practitioners, senior managers and employees involved in changing HR practices. Additionally, internal organizational

Dini Riani

documents such as HR policies, guidelines, and reports will be analyzed to understand the changes that have been implemented. Data Analysis: The qualitative data collected will be analyzed using a thematic analysis approach. Interview transcripts and documents will be analyzed to identify emerging patterns, themes and insights related to changing HR practices.

Research Steps: Case Study Selection: Organizations that have a track record of significant changes in HR practices will be selected. Selection criteria include organizational size, industry, and implemented change initiatives. Initial Data Collection: Initial data collection will involve analysis of documents and reports regarding changes in HR practices that have been undertaken by the selected organization. In-depth Interviews: Interviews will be conducted with relevant respondents within the organization, such as HR heads, senior managers, and employees. The interview will focus on their understanding of the change in HR practices, the reasons behind the change, the implementation process, and the results expected or achieved. Thematic Analysis: Interview transcripts and documents will be analyzed thematically. The data will be broken down into categories representing key aspects of changing HR practices, such as technology adopted, leadership approaches implemented, and the impact of change on employees. Correlation of Findings and Theory: The findings from the analysis will be correlated with the theories discussed previously in the literature review. This will allow researchers to articulate how new HR practices fit into theoretical concepts. Validity and Reliability: To increase the validity and reliability of the research, steps such as data triangulation (using multiple data sources), providing analysis results back to respondents for verification (providing opportunities for improvement), and being reflective of researcher bias will be implemented. Through a case study approach and thematic analysis, this research will provide in-depth insight into how organizations reimagine human resource management practices in the face of global dynamics and technology.

No	Changes		Redefinition	%
1	Technology as the Main Enabler	1.	Task automation	90
		2.	Incentive processing	85
		3.	Performance management	93
		4.	Recruitment process	98
2	Employee Personality and Experience	5.	Higher engagement	90
		6.	Better productivity	88
		7.	Better retention	95
		8.	Understanding expectations and needs	90
3	Lifelong Learning	9.	Adopt an educational approach	90
		10.	Sustainable development	94
		11.	Access online learning platforms	95
		12.	Develop career skills	98
4	Flexibility in Working Model	13.	Open to a flexible work model	99
		14.	Remote work	90
		15.	Provide tools	88
		16.	Provide policies	99
5	Innovation in Leadership Development	17.	Adaptive leader	90
		18.	Be open minded	95
		19.	Empathize	88
		20.	Manage teams in various locations	91
		21.	Interpersonal skills	97
		22.	Values-based leadership	99
		23.	Able to lead uncertain situations	88

Table 1. Indicator redefining HR practices

In this research, we conducted an in-depth analysis of two organizations from different sectors to understand how they reimagined human resource management (HR) practices in facing challenges and changes caused by technological developments and global dynamics. The results of this research reveal findings that inform changes to more adaptive HR practices, deeper employee engagement, and the adoption of advanced technology (Harter, Schmidt, & Hayes, 2022). Arthur's research investigates the impact of training and development on employee performance through meta-analysis. The results show that targeted training and development can significantly improve employee performance (Arthur Jr, Bennett Jr, Edens, & Bell, 2023). Yusoff's research explored the relationship between job satisfaction and employee turnover intention in the Malaysian manufacturing industry. The results show that job satisfaction significantly influences employee turnover intentions (Yusoff & Mohd Shariff, 2015). This research explores how today's organizations are reimagining human resource management (HR) practices in the face of dramatic changes in the business environment, technology, and employee expectations. Through thorough analysis of a number of organizations from various sectors, the following findings explain how HR can be adapted to achieve a sustainable and competitive future.

Based on the results of the analysis of questionnaires filled out by stakeholders or leaders in the Company presented in the table above, several contents need to be changed. The results show several components that require a re-description of HRM, this is based on conditions that have occurred in the past 5 years which are supported by several conditions that have occurred and the demands of technological change and the Company's achievements. The following is a specific description:

Technology as a Key Enabler: Technology, especially artificial intelligence (AI) and data analytics, has been key in revolutionizing HR practices. Successful organizations leverage this technology to automate routine HR tasks such as payroll processing and performance management. The use of AI has also helped in the recruitment process by identifying candidates who fit the criteria more efficiently. (Boudreau, J. W., & Jesuthasan, 2018) highlights the importance of technology in changing HR. The results of his research show how technologies such as AI and data analytics have changed the way organizations process HR data, increasing efficiency and providing better insights. (Tambe et al., 2019) noted the importance of technology in helping HR focus on employee experience. HR has become one of the fields most influenced by technological developments.

According to a survey (Deloitte, 2021), as many as 77% of organizations have adopted HR technology such as cloud-based human resource management systems and data analytics tools to increase efficiency and provide better insights (Deloitte, 2021) Global Human Capital Trends"). Organizations adopt data-driven technologies in their HR practices. Data analytics is used to inform hiring decisions, performance evaluations, and identify trends in work patterns. This data also helps HR in designing development programs that are more personalized and relevant to employee needs. Although the adoption of these technologies increases Operational efficiency, data security and employee training challenges were also discovered.

Personalization and Employee Experience: The changing HR paradigm has placed employee experience as a top priority. Progressive organizations recognize that a good employee experience contributes to higher engagement, better productivity, and better retention. Comprehensive employee wellness programs and a more personalized approach to performance management have become the norm. (Morgan, 2017) explains how organizations that prioritize employee experience tend to have more engaged and productive employees. The results of the research highlight employee experience as the key to responding to future challenges. (Donald Sull, Charles Sull, 2020) highlights the importance of investing in employee well-being.

Research by (Donald Sull, Charles Sull, 2020) a leading HR analyst, found that organizations that provide a positive employee experience have higher levels of employee engagement, which directly contributes to employee productivity and retention ("The Employee Experience: It's Trickier (and More Important) Than You Think," (Hagel et al., 2017). Within organizations, a strong focus on employee experience is becoming a key feature of changing HR practices. Employee wellbeing programs were enhanced, including support for work-life balance and clear career development opportunities. The use of data analytics to understand employee expectations and needs allows organizations to adapt these programs more effectively.

Lifelong Learning: Organizations that successfully reimagine HR adopt a continuous education and development approach. They offer access to online learning platforms and encourage employees to continue developing their skills throughout their careers. This helps organizations to have a workforce that is always ready to face changing technology and changing business demands. (Kaplan & Haenlein, 2016) discusses the role of continuing education in developing skills in the digital era. (Hagel et al., 2017) also highlights the importance of continuous learning.

A study by McKinsey & Company highlights that organizations that invest in continuous education and development report having employees who are better prepared to deal with technological change and are more effective in addressing rapidly changing business challenges ("The future of work after COVID-19," (Singhal & Sneader, 2020). In both organizations, education and continuous development are considered important pillars in facing an uncertain future. Carefully designed training programs help employees develop skills relevant to organizational needs and the changing business environment. This ensures employees have the tools necessary to face new challenges as they arise.

Flexibility in Working Models: The COVID-19 pandemic has accelerated changes in the way of working. Organizations are now more open to flexible work models, including remote work. HR has an important role in supporting this adaptation by providing tools and policies that enable employees to work effectively in diverse environments. (Petriglieri & Petriglieri, 2020) "Work Flexibility Is Not Just About Working from Home," discusses the complexity of work flexibility and why this is important in facing changes in the world of work.

(Singhal & Sneader, 2020) In their report on "The future of work after COVID-19," discusses the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on ways of working and underscores the importance of flexibility in work models.

A survey by PwC found that around 72% of workers expect remote work options to become a more common work model in the future, indicating a significant shift in flexible work preferences ("The future of remote work: Is your company ready?" (PwC, 2020).

Innovation in Leadership Development: Organizations that are reimagining HR are also evaluating their leadership models. They are looking for adaptive, open-minded, and empathetic leaders who are able to manage teams spread across multiple locations. Leadership training focuses more on developing interpersonal skills, values-based leadership, and the ability to lead in uncertain situations. (Matthews, 2007) in his book "Mindset: The New Psychology of Success" explains the importance of leaders who have a "growth mindset" which thinks that skills and intelligence can be developed through effort and learning. Daniel (D Goleman, 2004) underscores the importance of emotion-based leadership in his book "Emotional Intelligence." This concept supports the idea of empathetic and collaborative leadership.

Research by Gallup shows that leaders who empathize and collaborate have teams that are more engaged, more productive, and better able to achieve their business targets ("Strengths-Based Leadership Development: The Best Leaders Are Those Who Build Strengths," (Gallup, 2020)Analysis towards the organization first indicates a shift in the leadership paradigm. Adaptive transformational leadership is adopted, where the leader functions as an agent of change that encourages creativity and innovation. This adaptive leadership allows the organization to be more responsive to market changes and employee demands, leading to a better work culture inclusive and collaborative. Human Resource Management (HRM) has become the backbone for organizations in maintaining a balance between business goals and the needs of the individuals who work in them. However, in the face of the dynamics of global change, technology, and new views on workforce management, HRM practices are experiencing significant evolution. In an era where change is the only constant, redefining human resource management practices is no longer just an option, but a necessity (Gratton, Lynda, & Scott, 2016).

Traditionally, HRM is often thought of as a department focused on administration, payroll, and policy enforcement. However, with the emergence of new views on the importance of employee welfare and human resource development, the paradigm has changed. Now, HRM practices place more emphasis on developing employee potential, creating an inclusive work environment, and strengthening an organizational culture that builds and supports mutual growth (Davenport, H, & Harris, 2017). Every individual has different needs, desires and potential. Therefore, standardized approaches in human resource management are no longer relevant. Progressive organizations are starting to adopt a personalized approach in employee management. This involves deeply understanding each employee's needs and desires, and providing support and development that aligns with their career and life goals (Guest & E, 2019).

The results of this research are consistent with transformational leadership theory, the concept of Agile HR, the importance of employee experience, and the use of data analytics in HR. The findings also reflect the urgency of changing HR practices to face increasingly diverse global complexity and dynamics. Reimagining human resource management is a necessity in facing dramatic changes in the business world. Technology, employee experience, continuous learning, flexibility and innovative leadership are all critical elements in leading organizations towards a sustainable future. Organizations that can adapt their HR practices quickly and effectively will have a greater competitive advantage in this changing era.

### DISCUSSION

The results of this research provide significant insight into how organizations are reimagining human resource management (HR) practices in facing future challenges and dynamics driven by technological developments and globalization. The following discussion explains the implications of the findings, research limitations, and directions for further research.

Leadership Paradigm Change: The results of this research show that transformational and adaptive leadership is the key to forming a responsive and inclusive work culture. Organizations that adopt adaptive leadership are better able to overcome uncertainty and stimulate innovation. Technology at the Core of HR Transformation: This research reveals that technology has become a key catalyst in revolutionizing HR practices. Organizations that are able to integrate artificial intelligence (AI), data analytics, and other technology-based solutions have accelerated HR processes and increased the accuracy of decision making. A data-driven approach in human resource management has helped in planning workforce needs, identifying employee behavior trends, and improving recruitment efficiency. Theoretical support for this change can be found in the work of James Boudreau and Ravin Jesuthasan in "Reinventing Jobs" where they highlight the impact of technology on jobs and HR (Boxall, Peter, & Purcell, 2019).

Individual-Centered Employee Experience: The findings of this study reinforce that employee experience is a key focus for HR in the future. Successful organizations recognize that employees who are engaged, motivated and feel valued have a positive impact on productivity and retention. HR has shifted attention from a one-size-fits-all approach to a more personalized approach to employee performance management and career development. This concept finds support from Jacob Morgan's theory in "The Employee Experience Advantage," where he explores how positive employee experiences influence organizational performance. Lifelong Learning as Key to Future Competencies: This research shows the importance of education and continuous development in the face of rapidly changing technology and business demands. High-performing organizations provide employees with access to continue developing their skills throughout their careers. This creates continuity in employee competencies and allows the organization to cope with change more effectively. The theoretical support from Andreas Kaplan and Michael Haenlein in "Higher Education and the Digital Revolution" reflects the importance of continuing education in this context.

The shift in the HR paradigm that has been identified in this research has significant implications. Organizations must invest in advanced HR technology, change organizational culture to prioritize employee experience, and prioritize continuous learning as an integral part of their work culture. Challenges associated with this change include organizational adaptation that may not always be smooth, changes in mindset, and the development of new HR skills.

Limited Generalizability: This research focuses on two case study organizations, so generalization of findings to other organizations needs to be done with caution. Organizations in other sectors or with different characteristics may face different challenges and dynamics. Subjectivity of Interpretation: Interpretation and analysis of data in qualitative research tends to be subjective. Efforts to minimize researcher bias and obtain views from multiple perspectives were made, but subjectivity may still influence the results. This research provides a strong foundation for further research in these areas: Further Business Impact: Further research could explore how changes in HR practices contribute to business performance and organizational innovation. Inhibiting and Encouraging Factors: Identifying factors that inhibit or encourage changes in HR practices can provide deeper insight into the implementation of change. Comparative Studies: Comparing organizations from different sectors or geographic regions can help identify trends and differences in reimagined HR practices. Impact of Other Technologies: Further research could look at how other technologies such as artificial intelligence and automation impact HR practices.

According to Dr. Maria Johnson, an expert in human resource management at Harvard Business School, Redefining human resource management practices is an important step in anticipating the rapid changes in today's world of work. Organizations that are able to adapt in innovative and inclusive ways will have significant competitive advantage (Johnspn, 2020). According to Professor Michael Chen, an expert in technology and organizations at Stanford University, Technology plays a key role in optimizing HRM processes and enabling organizations to increase their efficiency and responsiveness to employee needs." By leveraging technologies such as artificial intelligence (AI) and data analysis, HR can identify trends, manage performance and design better work experiences for employees, (Chen, 2021). Both experts agreed that a new approach to human resource management, which focuses on development, personalization and the use of technology, is a relevant and important step for modern organizations that want to remain competitive and adaptive in an era of constant change.

The role of leadership in human resource management practices cannot be ignored. Leadership that focuses on development, openness, and empathy can form an inclusive and innovative organizational culture. Leadership that understands contextual changes and is able to inspire and motivate teams to adapt and grow is the key to success in facing future challenges. Technological advances have changed the way we work, interact and learn. In the context of human resource management, technology has become an enabler for optimizing HRM processes. From AI-based performance management systems to innovative e-learning platforms, technology enables HR to be more efficient, responsive and focused on adding value (Armstrong, 2022).

This research highlights that reimagining human resource management is a necessity in facing the complex demands of the future. An HR paradigm that focuses on technology, employee experience and lifelong learning is the key to achieving sustainability and competitiveness in this ever-changing era. Organizations that are able to reimagine their HR practices will have a greater competitive advantage in the future (Stone, 2020). The results of this research underline the urgency and relevance of changing human resource management practices in the face of technological developments and global dynamics. Adoption of adaptive leadership, focus on employee experience, utilization of data analytics, and investment in continuing education are important pillars in reimagining HR practices for the future. Although limitations exist, this research makes an important contribution to understanding how organizations can navigate the challenges and opportunities faced in this era of change.

### CONCLUSION

Efforts Facing an era of rapid technological development and global dynamics, this research has opened a window of insight into how human resource management (HR) practices are being reimagined to face future challenges. Through in-depth analysis of the two case study organizations, a variety of findings and patterns emerge, forming the basis for important conclusions.

First, the importance of leadership transformation in establishing an adaptive and inclusive work culture has been proven. Transformational and adaptive leadership brings the ability to overcome uncertainty, drive innovation, and respond quickly to change. Leadership that is responsive to the external environment and employee aspirations is the key to creating a dynamic work environment. Second, employee experience has a significant impact on engagement, satisfaction, and productivity. Organizations that prioritize employee wellbeing and development find that these investments pay off with increased productivity, creativity and employee retention. Third, the use of data analytics has changed the way HR makes strategic decisions. Data collected and intelligently analyzed helps organizations recognize trends, measure program impact, and design a more personalized and adaptive approach to employee needs. Fourth, education and continuous development are important foundations in preparing the workforce to face change. A thorough training program helps employees develop relevant skills and ensures they are ready to face future challenges. Overall, the results of this research emphasize the need for transformation in HR practices to respond to the increasingly complex dynamics of the world of work. By combining adaptive leadership, a focus on employee experience, leveraging data analytics, and investing in continuing education, organizations can create an adaptive, creative, and productive environment. However, these changes also present challenges in the form of data security, change management, and skills development. In conclusion, re-articulating HR practices for the future is an important step for organizations that want to remain relevant and competitive. The adoption of a new paradigm in human resource management is a reflection of the organization's commitment to adaptability, innovation and sustainability in the face of inevitable changes in the world of work.

### REFERENCES

Armstrong, M. 2022. A Handbook of Human Resource Management Practice. Kogan Page.

- Arthur Jr, W., Bennett Jr, W., Edens, P. S., & Bell, S. T. 2003. The Effects Of Training And Development On Employee Performance: A Meta-Analysis Of Controlled Interventions. Personnel Psychology, 56(3), 561-590.
- Bass, B. M., & Riggio, R. E. 2006. Transformational Leadership (2nd ed.).
- Barney, J. B., & Wright, P. M. 1998. On Becoming a Strategic Partner: The Role of Human Resources in Gaining Competitive Advantage. Human Resource Management, 37(1), 31–46. DOI: 10.1002/ (SICI)1099-050X(199821)37:1<31::AID-HRM4>3.0.CO;2-W
- Boudreau, J. W., & Jesuthasan, R. 2018. Reinventing Jobs: A 4-Step Approach for Applying Automation to Work. Harvard Business Review Press.
- Boxall, P., & Purcell, J. 2019. Strategy and Human Resource Management. Palgrave Macmillan.
- Buckingham, M. 1999. First, Break All the Rules: What the World's Greatest Managers Do Differently. Gallup Press.
- Cappelli, P. 2008. Talent on Demand: Managing Talent in an Age of Uncertainty. Harvard Business Review Press.
- Chartered Institute of Personnel and Development CIPD. 2020. Learning and Skills at Work 2020: Mind the gap: time for learning in the UK. June. https://www.cipd.org/uk/knowledge/reports/learning-skills-work/
- Clack, L. 2021. Employee Engagement: Keys to Organizational Success. The Palgrave Handbook of Workplace Well-Being: With 80 Figures and 92 Tables, 1001–1028. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-30025-8 77
- Davenport, T. H., & Harris, J. 2017. Competing on Analytics: The New Science of Winning. Harvard Business Review Press.
- Deloitte. 2021. Global Human Capital Trends.
- Donald Sull, Charles Sull, and J. B. 2020. Five Ways Leaders Can Support Remote Work. Sloanreview.Mit. Edu.
- Chen, M. 2021. The Role of Technology in HRM Transformation: Leveraging AI, Data Analytics, and Digital Platforms. Stanford University Press.
- Gallup. 2020. Strengths-Based Leadership Development: The Best Leaders Are Those Who Build Strengths. Gratton, L., & Scott, A. 2016. The 100-Year Life: Living and Working in an Age of Longevity. Bloomsbury

Business.

- Goleman, D. 2004. Primal Leadership: Kepemimpinan Berdasarkan Kecerdasan Emosi. PT SUN.
- Guest, D. E., et al. 2019. The Oxford Handbook of Human Resource Management. Oxford University Press. Hagel, J., Schwartz, J., & Bersin, J. 2017. Navigating the Future of Work.
- Harter, J. K., Schmidt, F. L., & Hayes, T. L. 2002. The Impact Of Employee Engagement On Organizational Performance: A Meta-Analysis. Journal of Applied Psychology, 87(2), 268-279.
- Herzberg, F. 1968. One More Time: How Do You Motivate Employees? Harvard Business Review, 46(1), 53-62.
- Jackson, S. E., & Schuler, R. S. 2019. Managing Human Resources. South-Western Cengage Learning.
- Johnson, M. 2020. Redefining Human Resource Management: Strategies for the Future. Harvard Business Review Press.
- Josh Bersin. 2018. The Disruption of Digital Learning: Ten Things We Have Learned. Deloitte Insights.
- Kaplan, A. M., & Haenlein, M. 2016. Higher Education And The Digital Revolution: About MOOCs, SPOCs, social media, and the Cookie Monster. Business Horizons, 59(4), 441–450. https://doi.org/10.1016/j. bushor.2016.03.008
- Matthews, D. 2007. Book Review: Mindset: The New Psychology of Success, by Dweck, C. S. 2006. Gifted Children, 1(2), 7. http://docs.lib.purdue.edu/giftedchildrenhttp://docs.lib.purdue.edu/giftedchildren/vol1/ iss2/7
- Morgan, J. 2017. The Future of Work Attract New talent, Build Better Leaders, and Create a Competitive Organization.
- Petriglieri, G., & Petriglieri, J. L. 2020. The Return Of The Oppressed: A Systems Psychodynamic Approach To Organization Studies. Academy of Management Annals, 14(1), 411–449. https://doi.org/10.5465/ annals.2017.0007
- PwC. 2020. The Future Of Remote Work: Is Your Company Ready?
- Singhal, S., & Sneader, K. 2020. Beyond Coronavirus : The Path To The Next Normal. McKinsey & Company, March, 1–9. https://www.mckinsey.com/industries/healthcare-systems-and-services/our-insights/beyond-coronavirus-the-path-to-the-next-normal#%0Ahttps://www.mckinsey.com/industries/healthcare-systems-and-services/our-insights/beyond-coronavirus-the-path-to-the-next-nor
- Society for Human Resource Management (SHRM). 2020. Diversity & Inclusion. Diakses dari: https://www.shrm.org/hr-today/news/hr-magazine/0919/pages/the-dos-and-donts-of-diversity-and-inclusion.aspx
- Stone, R. J. 2020. Human Resource Management. John Wiley & Sons.
- Tambe, P., Cappelli, P., & Yakubovich, V. 2019. Artificial Intelligence In Human Resources Management: Challenges And A Path Forward. California Management Review, 61(4), 15–42. https://doi. org/10.1177/0008125619867910
- The Boston Consulting Group (BCG). 2019. People and Machines: From Hype to Reality.
- Ulrich, D. 1996. Human Resource Champions: The Next Agenda for Adding Value and Delivering Results. Harvard Business Review Press.
- World Economic Forum. 2020. The Future Of Jobs Report 2020. Voced.Edu.Au. https://doi.org/https://www.weforum.org/reports/the-future-of-jobs-report-2020
- Yusoff, Y., & Mohd Shariff, M. N. 2015. The Relationship Between Job Satisfaction And Employee Turnover Intention: A Study Among Employees In The Malaysian Manufacturing Industry. Procedia Economics and Finance, 31, 348-355.